



ISSN: 0975-833X

RESEARCH ARTICLE

EFFECT OF HERBAL AYURVEDIC MEDICINAL PLANTS (*BACOPA MONNIERI*, *EVOLVULUS ALSINOIDES* AND *TINOSPORA CORDIFOLIA*) ON LEARNING AND MEMORY- A REVIEW

^{1,2}Avneet Gupta, ²HemRaj and ³Neeraj Upmanyu

¹CMJ University, Shillong, Meghalaya, India

²L.R. Institute of Pharmacy, Rajgarh Road, Solan, HP, India

³R. K. D. F College of Pharmacy, Bhopal, MP, India *Corresponding author: avneet3083@gmail.com

ARTICLE INFO

Article History:

Received 09th September, 2012

Received in revised form

12th October, 2012

Accepted 25th November, 2012

Published online 28th December, 2012

ABSTRACT

Dementia is a syndrome usually occurs Alzheimer's disease (AD) and related due to disease in brain. Alzheimer's disease is a progressive neurodegenerative disorder associated with impairment of thinking, learning, orientation, judgment and memory function. The various Nootropic drugs and herbal ayurvedic plants prescribed to enhance learning and memory function in dementia. The present study is therefore focused on discussing herbal ayurvedic medicinal plants (*Bacopa monnieri*, *Evolvulus alsinoides* and *Tinospora cordifolia*) for enhance learning and memory.

Key words:

Herbal ayurvedic medicinal plants,
Learning and Memory,
Nootropic, Dementia.

Copy Right, IJCR, 2012, Academic Journals. All rights reserved.

INTRODUCTION

Learning is defined as the acquisition of information and skills or in other words it is the process by which new information is acquired and subsequent retention of the information is called memory, which is the process by which acquired knowledge is retained. Learning and memory can be conceived as both a psychological process, as well as change in synaptic neural connectivity. Learning and memory are the basic constituents of cognitive behavior¹. But Dementia is a mental disorder characterized by loss of intellectual ability (judgment or abstract thinking) which invariably involves impairment of memory. The most common cause of dementia is Alzheimer's disease (AD) which is a progressive neurodegenerative disorder associated with loss of neurons in distinct brain areas and cord². Poor memory, lower retention and slow recall are common problems in today's stressful and competitive world. Age, stress and emotions are conditions that may lead to memory loss, amnesia, dementia, to more ominous threat like schizophrenia and Alzheimer's disease³. Memory enhancers and cognitive enhancers are drugs to improve mental functions such as cognition, memory, intelligence, motivation, attention and concentration. Nootropics are thought to work by altering the availability of the brain's supply of neurochemicals (neurotransmitters, enzymes and hormones) by improving the brain's oxygen supply⁴. Nootropics are referred to as smart drugs, memory enhancers and cognitive enhancers⁵ and a nootropic is a neuroprotective or extremely nontoxic⁶. But the present study is therefore focused on discussing the various study of herbal ayurvedic medicinal plants (*Bacopa monnieri*, *Evolvulus alsinoides* and *Tinospora cordifolia*) related for enhancement Learning and memory.

***Bacopa monnieri* (Scrophulariaceae)**

Bacopa monnieri L. (syn.: *B. monnieria*) (Scrophulariaceae) occupies a predominant position in ayurvedic medicine and is recommended for the management of poor cognition and a lack of concentration⁷, as a nerve tonic for memory and intelligence improvement⁸ for an intellect promoting effect and helpful in cases of general debility⁹. *Bacopa monniera* Linn. (Brahmi) has been used since times immemorial as nerve tonic for Improvement of memory. The chemical constituent responsible for the effect of brahmion learning schedules was identified as a mixture of two saponins designated as bacosides A and B. They also enhanced protein kinase activity and produced an Increase in protein in hippocampus. Bacosides were also found to be safe in regulatory pharmacological and toxicological studies¹⁰. The effects of *Bacopa monnieri* (40mg/kg) on learning performance in rats were studied in shock-motivated brightness discrimination reaction and in conditioned fight reaction. In both schedules the treated groups showed a shorter reaction time than the control group. In addition, the rats improved learning capability confirmed by a maze-learning experimental method. Major chemical constituents found in *Bacopa monnieri* are saponins, triterpenes and dammaranes, such as bacosides A, B, C, bacosaponines D, E and F¹¹. Dry extract of whole plant of *Bacopa monnieri* suggested potential for safely enhancing cognitive performance in the elderly patients¹².

***Evolvulus alsinoides* L. (Convolvulaceae)**

Evolvulus alsinoides L. (Convolvulaceae) is used as nootropic or brain tonic in traditional systems of medicines. *Evolvulus*

alsinoides L. potential memory enhancing agent used in treating dementia¹³. *Evolvulus alsinoides* L. contains alkaloids betaine, sankhapushpine and evolvine, scopoletis, scopolin, umbelliferone, 6-methoxy-7-O-β-glucopyranoside coumarin queretine-3-O-β-glucopyranoside are reported¹⁴.

Evolvulus alsinoides (EA), considered as Shankpushpi on learning and memory in rodents. Nootropic activity using Cook and Weidley's pole climbing apparatus, passive avoidance paradigms and active avoidance tests were used to test learning and memory. The ethanol extract of EA and its ethyl acetate and aqueous fractions were evaluated for their memory enhancing properties¹⁵.

***Tinospora cordifolia* (Menispermaceae)**

Tinospora cordifolia (GULVEL) (Menispermaceae) possesses memory enhancing property on learning and memory in normal and memory deficits animals. *Tinospora cordifolia* mechanism of cognitive enhancement by immunostimulation and increasing the synthesis of acetylcholine, this supplementation of choline enhances the cognitive function¹⁶.

Tinospora cordifolia is known as a *Medhya rasayana* (learning and memory enhancer) in Ayurveda. It is also significant response has been found in children with moderate degree of behavior disorders and mental deficit, along with improvement in IQ levels¹⁷. The pure aqueous extract of the root of *Tinospora cordifolia* was found to enhance verbal learning and logical memory¹⁸. *Tinospora cordifolia* an Indian medicinal plant is known to be beneficial for improves intelligence, power of retention and memory¹⁹.

Conclusion

These herbal ayurvedic medicinal plants showing the nootropic activity were collected from the various journals and were reported above as we can say these plants (*Bacopa monnieri*, *Evolvulus alsinoides* and *Tinospora cordifolia*) are responsible for enhance learning and memory function properly under several researcher studied.

REFERENCES

1. Agarwal, A., Malini, S., Bairy, K.L. and Muddanna, S.R. 2002. Effect of *Tinospora cordifolia* on learning and memory in normal and memory deficit rats. Indian Journal of Pharmacology., 34: 339-349.
2. Bairy, K.L., Rao, Y. and Kumar, K.B. 2004. Efficacy of *Tinospora cordifolia* on learning and memory in healthy volunteers: A double blind, randomized, placebo controlled study. Iranian J Pharmacol Therap., 3: 57-60.
3. Calabrese, C., Gregory, W.L., Leo, M., Kraemer, D., Bone, K. and Oken, B. 2008. Effects of standardized *Bacopa monnieri* extract on cognitive performance, anxiety and depression in the elderly: A randomized, double blind, placebo controlled trial. J Altern Complement Med., 14: 707-13.
4. Dua, J.S., Prasad, D.N., Tripathi, A.C. and Gupta, R. 2009. Role of traditional medicine in Neuropsychopharmacology. Asian J Pharm Clin Res., 2(2): 72-76.
5. Gazzaniga, M.S. 2006. The Ethical Brain: The Science of Our Moral Dilemmas (P.S.). New York, N.Y: Harper Perennial., 184.
6. Gupta, P., Siripurapu, K.B., Ahmad, A., Palit, G., Arrolla, A. and Maurya, R. 2007. Antistress constituents of *Evolvulus alsinoides*, an ayurvedic crude drug. Chem. Pharma Bull., 55: 771.
7. Kandel, E. 2000. Learning and memory. Principle of neuroscience. Edition 4th., 1227-1246.
8. Lanni, C., Lenzken, S.C., Pascale, A., Vecchio, I.D., Racchi, M., Pistoia, F. and Govoni, S. 2008. Cognition enhancers between treating and doping the mind. Pharmacol Res., 57(3): 196-213.
9. Nahata, A., Patil, U.K. and Dixit, V.K. 2010. Effect of *Evolvulus alsinoides* Linn. on learning behavior and memory enhancement activity in rodents. Phytotherapy Research., 24(4): 486-93.
10. Parrotta, J.A. 2001. The Healing Plants of Peninsular India. MRM Graphics Ltd., Winslow, Bucks.
11. Russo, A. and Borelli, F. 2005. *Bacopa monniera*, a reputed nootropic plant: an overview. Phytomedicine., 12: 305-317.
12. Sala, A.V., Warrier, P.K., Nambiar, V.P. and Ramankutty, C. 1993. Indian Medicinal Plants: A Compendium of 500 Species, 1. Sangam Books Limited, London.
13. Satyavati, G.V. 1996. Medhya Rasayana. In: Chaudri RD, editor. Herbal drug industry. New Delhi: Eastern Publishers. Pharmacological Review., ed.1: 238.
14. Singh, A. 2008. Review of ethnomedicinal uses and pharmacology of *Evolvulus alsinoides* Linn. Ethnobotanical leaflets., 12: 734-40.
15. Singh, H.K. and Dhawan, B.N. 1997. Neuropsychopharmacological effects of the Ayurvedic nootropic *Bacopa monniera* Linn. (Brahmi). Indian Journal of Pharmacology., 29(5): 359-365.
16. Singh, S.S., Pandey, S.C., Srivastava, S., Gupta, V.S., Patro, B. and Ghosh, A.C. 2003. Chemistry and medicinal properties of *Tinospora cordifolia* (Guduchi). Indian J Pharmacol., 35: 83-91.
17. Vasudevan, M. and Parle, M. 2006. Pharmacological actions of *Thespesia populnea* relevant to Alzheimer's disease. Phytomedicine., 13: 677-687.
18. Williamson, M.E. 2002. Major Herbs of Ayurveda. Churchill Livingston, London, UK.
19. Zamir, M.S. 2007. Professor's little helper. Nature., 450(7173): 1157-1159.
